

## FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13, 1880.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Barbour, from the District of Columbia committee, reported favorably the Washington and Chesapeake Railroad bill. This is a bill granting the road referred to an entrance into this city across the Eastern Branch. The road is to run from here to a point on Chesapeake Bay in Calvert county, Md., which it is proposed to make the County Island of Washington.

The conference report on the Washington and Arlington Railroad bill was agreed to by the House this morning, and will probably be by the Senate before the close of today's session.

As stated in yesterday's GAZETTE, the opinion prevalent among the members of both branches of Congress is that Mr. Cleveland, by his anti-silver letter, has placed himself beyond the bounds from which the nominee of the next national democratic convention can be selected, and that he has done so deliberately and with the full knowledge that such would be the effect. Indeed, it is reported in the House, notwithstanding all that has been said to the contrary, that Mr. Cleveland does not desire a renomination, and that in this his wife agrees with him. They are now simply provided for with this world's goods, and it is said neither bankers after the duties that necessarily devolve upon a President and his wife. If this report be true Mr. Cleveland certainly adopted the right course to attain his object, that is if the views of the majority of the members of Congress be correct; but Representative Tucker of Virginia says that congressmen never yet made a correct diagnosis of the action of a national convention.

The quibble in the House to-day between republican members on the subject of civil service reform was heartily enjoyed by the democrats, who applauded the combatants and urged them to further hostile demonstrations. Mr. Butterworth of Ohio poured hot shot into Messrs. Cannon of Illinois and Grosvenor of his own State for their glaring hypocrisy in voting to sustain a service and then trying to strangle it by withholding the necessary appropriation for its support.

Senator Kenne of West Virginia, as well as ever notwithstanding the frequent newspaper statements to the contrary. He was at the Capitol as usual this morning, and in conversation with a friend said no legislation would be enacted by this Congress, that all the regular appropriation bills would be passed before the 1st of March, and that Mr. Cleveland could not be renominated for President.

The Senate yesterday evening passed the bill to give the Norfolk and Western Railroad entrance into this city. As passed, the bill contains a provision respecting the proposed Cumberland and Washington Railroad, the road which was to have occupied the bed of the C. and O. Canal. The friends of the canal were at the House to-day protesting against the passage of the bill in its present shape, and obtained from the House District of Columbia committee permission to state their case before that committee to-morrow.

The House committee on Indian affairs has authorized a favorable report on a bill granting a pension of \$72 per month to Gen. W. H. Powell, late brigadier general and brevet major general of volunteers. The House on nearly all the public buildings in the city are at half-mast to-day for the death of Admiral Porter. The sight of them gave rise to the report that General Sherman was dead, and that report was current all over the city, though dispatches from New York at the Capitol were to the effect that General Sherman's condition had improved somewhat.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

Representative O'Ferrall has appointed Edward B. Gold, son of Mr. T. D. Gold, of Clarke county, cadet at the West Point Military Academy for the Seventh District of Virginia.

The fifteenth annual convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of the State opened at Leesburg yesterday. Judge G. G. Grator, of Harrisonburg, was elected president.

The President has denied the application for pardon in the case of Robert T. K. Bain, convicted of misapplication of the funds of the Exchange National Bank of Norfolk, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

William H. Zewood, alias "Halslip," a white tramp, who is serving out a sentence for vagrancy in Rappahannock, was indicted yesterday on the testimony of Detective Campbell of Ohio, for the murder of Thomas G. Marie in December. He is only twenty-three years old, and is from Pennsylvania county.

Information reached Richmond yesterday of the death of Miss Watkins, the young lady in New Kent county who was a week or more ago, supposed to be dead. About the time mentioned a colored man came to Richmond and procured a coffin for the burial of Miss Watkins. When the man returned he found Miss Watkins sitting up and partially convalescent. It seems that the young lady had gone off into a trance.

A few nights ago Hugh Hammock, an aged citizen of Nottingham county, was robbed on the highway of thirty dollars by two men who afterwards knocked him down and left him for dead. Mr. Hammock's skull is fractured in two places, and it is thought he cannot recover. Scott Bishop, an ex-convict, was arrested upon suspicion of having been one of Mr. Hammock's assailants, but slipped his shackles and made his escape while being conveyed to jail.

**KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.**—The Grand Lodge K. of P. colored, of Virginia, which met in its sixth annual session in Petersburg on Tuesday, adjourned yesterday. The following officers were elected: Grand Chancellor, W. R. Green, of Richmond; Grand Vice Chancellor, J. R. Brooks, of Manchester; Grand Prelate, W. A. Twitty, of Suffolk; Grand Master of Exchanges, Wm. M. Reed, of Portsmouth; Grand Keeper of Record and Seal, Wm. Troy, of Portsmouth; Grand Master of Arms, Julius Crump, of Richmond; Grand Inner Guard, John Hill, of Suffolk; Grand Outer Guard, C. H. Green, of Newport News; Grand Medical Register, Dr. H. L. Harris, of Richmond; Supreme Representative to the Supreme Lodge, which meets in New York August 5, 1891, Wm. M. Reed, of Portsmouth. The next session of the Grand Lodge will be held on the second Tuesday in February, 1892.

**STABBED HIS WIFE AND CHILD.**—John Farrell, an ex-soldier, thirty-two years old, who is partially paralyzed in such a way that he can talk but imperfectly, stabbed his wife and young child in Washington yesterday. Farrell has on several occasions been noticed to act queerly, and it is supposed that he is at least partially insane. As soon as he did the stabbing he fled from the house, and is still at large. The woman was taken to the hospital. The extent of her injuries is not yet known, but it is feared that she will die. The child was not so badly hurt.

## DIED.

The funeral of the late Colonel LEWELLYN HIXTON, of the Episcopal High School, will take place from the Chapel of the Theological Seminary, near Alexandria, Sunday morning, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock. The interment will be in Ivy Hill cemetery.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Samuel Morey, of "Morey letter" fame, died in Nashua, N. H., yesterday.

The conference on the fortification appropriation bill have practically reached an agreement.

Wm. D. Cross, colored, who was to have been hanged in Washington to-day, has been respite until April 10.

Hon. William McKinley made a speech at Toledo, Ohio, last night, criticizing Mr. Cleveland's tariff reform utterances.

The son of General Green B. Raum, Pension Commissioner, is accused of sharp practice in connection with a pension claim for a Brooklyn widow.

Mr. Jay Gould was taken suddenly ill at St. Augustine, Fla., yesterday morning and left at once for New York by special train on the advice of a physician.

The Northampton election yesterday for a member of Parliament to fill the seat of the late Mr. Bradlaugh resulted in the election of the Gladstonian candidate by a largely increased majority.

Thirty men were killed and a number more injured in a terrible boiler explosion in the Quebec Worsted Company's factory, at Hare Point yesterday, mention of which was made in the GAZETTE.

A report comes from New York of a scheme of Jay Gould to absorb the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in a great line from ocean to ocean, but the report is denied by Vice-President Smith, of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Conflicting statements are made regarding Gibson's participation in the alleged plot to blow up a distillery in Chicago. Gibson asserts his innocence, and his son says the suspicious liquid found in his stomach was Schiedam schnapps.

"Jack the Hair Cutter," that singular and insouciant maniac, came out of his hiding place again last night in Harlem, N. Y., repeated his usual performance of trying to snip a girl's braid and vanished before the eyes of an astonished and breathless policeman.

Mrs. Harrington, of Kingland, N. J., was much frightened early yesterday morning to wake and see a burglar in her room. As he placed a revolver at her head she screamed loudly and aroused the household. The burglar ran down stairs and escaped through a back window.

The body of a young woman was discovered in a secluded locality in Chambers street, London, yesterday. She had been horribly gashed with a sharp instrument and her head had been almost severed from the body. The police believe that the murder was the work of "Jack the Ripper."

A riot occurred at the Clark Thread Mills, at Kearney, N. J., yesterday evening. The new spinners were attacked by a crowd. A stream of water from a hose line in the mills was turned on the crowd. Stones were thrown and many windows broken, and several persons hurt. Further trouble is expected.

A poll of nearly all the legislative bodies now in session made by New York Herald correspondents to ascertain the preferences of democratic legislators for the Presidential candidate in 1892 revealed an overwhelming preponderance of sentiment in favor of Grover Cleveland as against David B. Hill, the poll standing Cleveland 1,515, Hill 190; doubtful and scattering 276.

**THE BANK OF ENGLAND.**—The N. W. York Commercial Advertiser says: How great have been the changes in financial arrangements forced upon the Bank of England by its measures to relieve the Barings may be seen by a comparison of the bank's present statements with those of a year ago. At the close of last month the bank held £30,402,817 in the account of "other securities" than government consols. A year ago it held only £21,000,000, the additional nine millions sterling and upwards, or \$45,000,000, consisting almost entirely of the securities held against the fund advanced to the Barings. This fund is further accounted for in its debit items of "other deposits" than exchequer funds, which is now £9,500,543 in excess of the same item a year ago. On a New York bank statement this item would be entered as "loans," an account which does not appear in London bank returns. As a reserve against this heavy increase in liabilities the bank has increased its stock of gold about £4,000,000, making a reserve of nearly 45 per cent, against the liabilities. It is therefore inevitable that until the Barings estate is liquidated the Bank of England will absorb an abnormally large share of Europe's gold. Fortunately the Bank of France, out of its exceptionally large accumulations of gold in 1889, was able to supply the need without a strain. The French bank holds to-day nearly \$24,000,000 less gold than it held a year ago, showing that the excess reserve for London's needs has been drawn almost entirely from Paris.

## The Watterson Letter.

Mr. Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier Journal, says he wrote the letter to Gov. David B. Hill, of New York, and which Governor Hill says he never received and pronounced a forgery.

Col. Williams, Governor Hill's private secretary, said that he was positive that Watterson's alleged letter had never been received at Albany. He opens all of the Governor's mail, and if such a letter had been received he could not have overlooked it. Some of Governor Hill's friends are inclined to think that Mr. Watterson may have written the letter when under more or less mental excitement, and then forgotten to mail it.

**RAILROAD NEWS.**—A dispatch from New York says: President Ioman, of the Richmond Terminal Company, denies that he holds an option on the Baltimore and Ohio stock, but admits that negotiations have been held with President Mayer by which the Richmond Terminal may control the Baltimore and Ohio roads. He says is about ten days, when the rest of the directors' party returns from the South, a meeting of directors will be held and some action taken towards giving the Richmond Terminal better connection with New York.

**NO DOWER ALLOWED.**—In the Court of Appeals yesterday Judge Lewis handed down an opinion in Hurst against Dulany. This case was from the Circuit Court of Northumberland. The Supreme Court held that when a man buys a piece of property and gives a deed of trust the same day his wife is not entitled to dower in it. Opinions on this same point have been delivered before in the Supreme Court. This was a reversal of the lower court.

I am one of the oldest horse-shoers in the town and have used you: Salvation Oil for cracked heels, mange and sand cracks with horses; it gives perfect satisfaction.

CHAS. W. LEE.

414 W. Baltimore street, Balt., Md. A Methodist preacher blurted that it would be nice to go to Europe, as his throat trouble was getting worse, but the good doctors sent for a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and consequently now enjoy a good sermon.

## TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Boomer's Opera House block, at Waukeon, Iowa, was burned yesterday. Loss \$26,000.

David Fox, the only survivor of the Nottingham, Pa., mine explosion of a year ago, was killed at Wilkesbarre, Pa., last night by a blast.

A Chattanooga, Tenn., special says doctors declare that City Attorney Warder, in jail for the murder of his son-in-law, is undoubtedly insane.

At Wichita, Tex., yesterday, the Windsor, Commercial, City, Wichita and Depot hotels, five wooden structures, were burned, together with six other houses. Total loss, \$50,000.

Gay Jewett, a son of Representative Jewett, of Worth county, Iowa, who, for a number of years, has been a museum wonder, is dead. He was thirty years of age and weighed 740 pounds.

John C. Moller committed suicide in New York, last night, by shooting himself in the left ear with a revolver. He was found this morning lying dead on the floor of his office at No. 7 Broadway.

In the Omaha, Neb., jail last night physicians forced food down the throat of H. M. Rodgers, who tried to commit suicide by starving himself, after confessing to complicity in a Pennsylvania murder.

A letter has been received from missing Cashier Spaulding, of the Ayer, Mass., broken bank, in which he states that he began taking the bank's money about four years ago, and that it was all lost in speculation. The work of grading in Jackson Park at Chicago, in preparation for the World's Fair, is at a standstill. Late yesterday afternoon a lot of idle workmen finding that they were unable to induce the Italians, who were at work, to strike for an advance in wages, attacked them and drove them off.

The Alabama Senate to-day passed the House bill to redistrict the State into nine Congressional districts, the number to which the new apportionment is based on the last census. The Legislature has divided up the black district by attaching black counties to white counties, so that a solid democratic delegation is assured.

The library committee of the Massachusetts State House has informed Mr. Edward Everett Warner that the State does not care to buy for \$20,000 or even \$10,000 the sword of General Washington which he wore when he surrendered his commission. It appeared at the hearing that Mr. Warner had offered the sword simultaneously to Massachusetts, New York and Pennsylvania.

J. B. Fleet, agent of the Northwestern Elevator Co. at Arthur, N. D., was murdered and robbed on Wednesday. The murderer secured about \$10,000 in money and Fleet's gold watch.

The two negroes, Proctor and Young, were hung at Dover, Del., this evening. They slept fairly well last night and breakfasted heartily this morning.

Gen. Von Braun committed suicide in Berlin to-day by shooting himself with a revolver. The dock strike at Liverpool has collapsed.

A man in Missouri sued for a divorce from his wife because she would not go anywhere with him, but insisted on his remaining at home to take care of things.

## DRY GOODS.

OFFICE OF WOODWARD & LOTHROP,  
CORNER 11th and F STREETS N. W.,  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

FEBRUARY 13, 1891.

**FRIDAY—WEEKLY REMNANT DAY.**

Linens, Ready-made Belts, and Children's Wash Dresses merit special attention to-day. You will find among Woolen Dress Stuffs remnants in all lengths suitable for many purposes.

All remnants may be found displayed on center tables near their respective departments.

**IRISH AND GERMAN DAMASK PATTERN CLOTHS.**

A small lot of fine Bleached Damask Pattern Cloths, soaked from handling, which we have marked at the following prices to close:

1 Cloth, size 2x2½ yards.  
Original price \$4.50.  
Remnant price \$3.50.

3 Cloths, size 2x3 yards.  
Original price \$3.75.  
Remnant price \$3.

2 Cloths, size 2x3 yards.  
Original price \$5.50.  
Remnant price \$3.75.

1 Cloth, size 2x3 yards.  
Original price \$5.50.  
Remnant price \$4.

(Second floor, 11th st. building.)

**MEN'S FURNISHINGS.**

**UNDERWEAR.**

11 pieces of Cartwright & Warner's best full regular-made White Drawers, size 30, 36, 38 and 44.

Original price \$3.25.  
Remnant price \$1.50.

7 pieces Furley & Buttrum's best English full regular-made Shirts and Drawers, shirts, size 34, 42 and 44. Drawers, size 36 and 38.

Original price \$4.50.  
Remnant price \$2.

9 pieces best German-made White Cashmere Shirts and Drawers, shirts, size 34. Drawers, size 36, 38 and 40.

Original price \$4.25.  
Remnant price \$1.50.  
(First floor, first annex.)

**BEDWEAR DEPARTMENT.**

3 pairs Fine Hemstitched Linen Sheet—2½x2½ yards.

Original price \$10.  
Remnant price \$8 a pair.

2 pairs.  
Original price \$12.  
Remnant price \$8.50 a pair.

4 pairs of Hemstitched Linen Pillows Cases—22½x36 inches.

Original price \$3.50.  
Remnant price \$2 a pair.

3 pairs—21x36.  
Remnant price \$1.75.

1 pair—27x36.  
Remnant price \$2.

1 pair—27x36.  
Remnant price \$1.75.  
(Second floor, 10th st. building.)

**GOODS DELIVERED IN ALEXANDRIA.**

**WOODWARD & LOTHROP,**

CORNER 11th AND F STREETS N. W.,  
WASHINGTON, D. C.



## ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13, 1891.

**SENATE.**

The consular and diplomatic appropriation bill was reported, with amendments, and placed on the calendar. Mr. Hale giving notice that he would ask for its consideration to-morrow.

Mr. Jones reported a resolution authorizing the select committee on relations with Canada to continue its investigations during the recess.

Mr. Plumb remarked that he had met that committee last fall in California, and had felt inclined, at that time, to furnish it with a map, so as to let the committee know where Canada was (laughter). He hoped that now the committee would go to the Canadian border and find out what was considered of such great importance and what was searched for so long—the relations of the Dominion of Canada to the United States.

Mr. Hale expressed his regret that the chairman of that committee (Mr. Hoar) was not present to answer the Senator from Kansas in the same spirit in which that Senator had made the remark.

The note some days since postponing indefinitely the bill to amend the charter of the Georgetown and Tennytown R. R. Co., was on motion of Mr. Spooner reconsidered and recommitted to the committee for the District of Columbia.

The Senate resumed consideration of the copyright bill.

**HOUSE.**

On motion of Mr. Farquhar, Senate amendment was concurred in to House bill amending the statute as to the marking of the names of vessels on the bow and stern.

The Senate amendment provides for the marking of the draught of registered vessels on the stem and stern posts.

On motion of Mr. Heard, of Missouri, the conference report on the bill incorporating the Washington and Arlington R. R. Co. was agreed to.

The House then went into committee of the whole (Mr. Payson, of Illinois, in the chair) on the legislative appropriation bill.

Mr. McComas, of Maryland, offered an amendment appropriating for the clerical forces in the civil service commission provided for in the current appropriation act.

Mr. Cannon moved an amendment providing for a secretary and stenographer at \$1,600 each. This, he said, would comply with the terms of the organic law.

Mr. Butterworth said that Mr. Cannon knew that these points of order were intended to strangle the civil service commission. He knew perfectly well that the appropriation bill was reducing the force of the commission one-fourth. Continuing he said that Mr. Cannon had in the last House moved to increase the force under the commission with regard to having the work done properly. This was a case of hypocritical masquerading, or else the other was (laughter and applause). To adopt the amendment was a mockery. It was like giving an empty plate to a starving man (laughter). A year ago, the gentleman recognizing the fact that unless there was an increase of force in the commission the service must be paralyzed, had himself made the motion; and now, under the pretence of observing the rules of the House, he struck down the civil service commission.

When the commission asked for \$10, it was given a serpent; when it asked for bread, it was given a stone. This appropriation was worse than a mockery. It was a hypocritical pretence of responding to the promises of the republican party.

When the tariff bill was before the House and the majority was gleaming through every harvest field, not to reward those who had sown nor those who had garnered (democratic applause), his friends had been actively concerned about the republican national platform. But to-day, in the face of his conduct of a year ago, in the face of his own effort to give it life and vitality to the platform of the republican party, the gentleman had moved to strike out an appropriation which, if he were consistent with himself, he knew was indispensable for the conduct of the service. The House could not fool the people, though it tried it a good many times a week. [Laughter.] He did not know whether the gentleman's constituents had so declared, but every national convention had declared to the people that it was in favor of enforcing the law. Now let members, if they did not want the law, repeat it like men.

Mr. Cannon—You are masquerading under false pretences and making false accusations against your colleagues.

Mr. Butterworth—I am holding up the gentleman's record before his face, and I propose to hang it up between Orion and Pleiades so that everybody can read it. (Laughter.)

**Foreign News.**

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The murdered woman found in Chambers street last night, judging from her appearance, belonged to the abandoned class of females, and was fairly well dressed. The theory is that the woman was murdered while in a standing position, that the crime was probably the work of "Jack the Ripper," and that the murderer was frightened away before he had time to mutilate the body. A railroad employee says he saw the woman talking to a man, apparently a foreign seaman, just previous to the time the murder is supposed to have been committed. The policeman who found the murdered woman must have reached the spot while the murderer was only a few yards away, as the victim's lips were still twitching nervously and her eyes were still rolling when the officer bent over her. A woman's hat was found near the scene of the murder concealed by a piece of drapery. This hat was in addition to the murdered woman's head suggesting, according to the London police, that either the "Ripper" or the woman was disguised. The spot where

the murdered woman's body was found was not a stone's throw from a police station. The wound around the murdered woman's throat was evidently caused by a sharp, powerful stroke, and the police believe that but for the approach of some pedestrian the victim would have been murdered in the manner similar to that of other Whitechapel murders.

The police have arrested a man on suspicion of being concerned in the murder of the unfortunate woman.

Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon quietly left the railway station under a police escort at 7 o'clock this morning for Ireland.

A fire broke out last night on the British steamer Calliope, lying at Newport. When the fire was extinguished the bodies of two seamen were found dead in their bunks, having been suffocated by the smoke.

**Death of Admiral Porter.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Admiral Porter died suddenly at 8:15 o'clock this morning at his residence, 1714 H street. Death resulted from fatty degeneration of the heart. He was on the active list of the navy, and was given the highest and least responsible kinds of duties. His death this morning was calm and peaceful. It came almost entirely without warning. The Admiral was awake at 6:45 o'clock this morning and took his nourishment as usual. He afterwards fell into a light sleep and gave no indication whatever that the end was so near at hand. At eight o'clock the Admiral's son Richard, who slept by his side, noticed that there was a change in his father's condition. He was breathing with difficulty and seemed to be choking. The nurse felt his pulse and found it to be fluttering feebly. His pulse grew fainter and fainter, and at 8:15 o'clock ceased to beat. At that hour he gasped convulsively and expired without a word. He sat upright with his son holding one hand and his daughter, Mrs. L. C. Logan, the other. Gen. Sherman called on the deceased about three weeks ago. The Admiral happened to be asleep at the time, and Gen. Sherman told the family not to wake him. He left a message of sympathy, and remarked in a tone of voice, "I would rather not see Porter unless I could see him as he always was when I have met him." Turning to Mr. Logan he said, half-jokingly, but with a tinge of pathos, "I will be the next one and perhaps I may go before Porter does." Then with a shrug of his shoulders he added, "As how is nothing to die, as it is just as natural as it is to be born."

**General Sherman's Condition.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—There is no doubt that Gen. Sherman's condition is greatly improved this morning. He passed a quiet night and there was no repetition of those sinking spells which have so often drawn the members of the family about his bedside and made them fear that the end was near. At half past ten o'clock lawyer P. T. Sherman, the General's son, when speaking with regard to the published statement to the effect that General Sherman had received extreme unction, emphatically denied the truth of the statement. The General, he said, was not a Catholic, and never had been. The visit of Rev. Father Taylor was for the purpose of giving consolation to the members of the General's family, and not to administer the sacrament.

The family this forenoon were quite cheerful, as they now entertain hopes for the General's recovery. Some trouble is expected in keeping the General in his bed. He determined at times to leave it and was often after being allowed to arise.

**Death of Hon. A. H. H. Stuart.**

[Special dispatch to the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.] STAUNTON, Va., Feb. 13.—Hon. A. H. H. Stuart died this afternoon at one o'clock.

[Mr. Stuart was born in Staunton, April 2, 1807. He finished the study of law at the University of Virginia in 1828, and was admitted to practice in Staunton in that year. In 1836 he was elected a member of the Virginia House of Delegates from Augusta county, and was re-elected in 1837 and 1838. In 1841 he was elected a representative to Congress from Virginia, and served till 1843. He was presidential elector on the Clay ticket in 1844, having been from his early years a personal friend of Clay. He was also a presidential elector in 1848. In 1850 he was invited by President Fillmore to be secretary of the interior, which office he held till 1853, and then returned to Staunton to the practice of law. In 1856 he was a member of the convention which nominated Fillmore for the presidency. He was a delegate to the Philadelphia National Union Convention in 1866.]

**The Chilean Rebellion.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Messrs. Flint and Company to-day received the following cablegram from Chili: "Pisagua bombarded and burning. Blockade caused at Valparaiso."

The 85th joint ballot for U. S. Senate in the Illinois joint assembly to-day showed a break in republican and F. M. B. A. ranks. The list of results as follows: Palmer, 11; Oglesby, 81; Linsley, 16; Seale, 2; L. C. Hubbard, 1; C. F. Farwell, 1; M. W. Matthews, 1 and P. H. Donnelly, 1.

At Chattanooga the Tennessee river marked 35½ feet at 10 o'clock last night and is rising rapidly with an almost certainty of exceeding 40 feet. Part of the suburbs of East End is under water as well as the railroad tracks.

To enjoy good health, aim to always have abundant sleep; this can generally be secured by management unless you are crying baby, in which case Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will greatly assist.

A very good recommendation: I had Old Saul's Catarrh Cure for it. It was cured.

**CONFEDERATE VETERANS.**—The meeting of R. E. Lee Camp, Confederate Veterans, will be held at Patterson's stable, Washington, on Sunday morning, Feb. 15th, at 9½ o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of our late comrade, Col. Lowellyn Hixton, U. S. M., late and 4th Regt. By order of the commandant.

Feb. 13, 1891. EDGAR WARFIELD, Ad. Com.

**If you feel weak and all worn out take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.**

A NEW AND PERFECT-FITTING SYSTEM OF DRESS CUTTING taught in a few days. Patterns cut to fit the figure without change of seams.

Also a few first-class AGENTS desired. Miss ABBURY, Bradstreet House, 401 1/2 St. Hours 5 to 6 p. m.